Application No.: 10/660,902 Docket No.: 070702008020

AMENDMENTS

In the Claims:

- 1-6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Previously presented) A method comprising:
- a) obtaining nucleotides covalently linked to gold or silver, or gold or silver nanoparticle(s), wherein the nucleotide and nanoparticles are linked via a terminal reactive cross-linking group, selected from the group consisting of epoxide groups, azido groups, triazine groups, arylazido groups and diazo groups;
- b) synthesizing one or more nucleic acid molecules comprising the gold or silver, or gold or silver nanoparticles;
 - c) immobilizing the nucleic acid molecule of step (b) on a solid substrate;
- d) sequentially releasing nucleotides from one end of one or more nucleic acid molecules via an exonuclease;
- e) identifying the released unlabeled nucleotides in a buffer comprising an alkali-metal halide salt by Raman spectroscopy; and
 - f) determining the sequence of the nucleic acid molecule.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein single molecules of nucleotides are identified by Raman spectroscopy.
 - 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein a single nucleic acid molecule is sequenced.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 7, wherein multiple nucleic acid molecules of the same sequence or multiple nucleic acid molecules of different sequences are sequenced simultaneously.
- 11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the alkali-metal halide salt is selected from the group consisting of MgCl, CaCl. NaF, KBr, LiI, and LiCl.
 - 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the alkali-metal halide salt is

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LiCl.

13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the linker compound is 3-glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane(GOP).

- 14-16. (Canceled).
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the released nucleotides are identified by surface enhanced Raman spectroscopy (SERS), surface enhanced resonance Raman spectroscopy (SERS) and/or coherent anti-Stokes Raman spectroscopy (CARS).
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 7, further comprising separating the nucleotides from the one or more nucleic acid molecules by transferring the released nucleotides through a microfluidic channel.
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein microfluidic channel is a metal coated channel.
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the metal is silver, gold, platinum, copper, or aluminum.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the nanoparticle and microfluidic channel comprise silver.
 - 22-30. (Canceled)